	CENTRAL INTELLIGE		REPORT	
	INFORMATION	REPORT	CD NO.	
OUNTRY	Poland	. ,	DATE DISTR. 25 Senter	
SUBJECT	Uranium Mining and Prospecting : Reimswaldau, Silesia	near	NO. OF PAGES 4	
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1. Uranium prospecting activities

In the course of 1950, exploratory trenches were dug and criss-crossed the woodless mountain ranges around Reimswaldau. In 1954, the first mine gallery was constructed which the Reimswaldau people believed to be designed for uranium mining. During the year 1954, a female Soviet chief engineer was frequently observed inspecting and checking with measuring sets the trenches on Zuckerberg Hill located south of Reimswaldau. These activities were believed to be uranium prospecting. The earth dug up from the trenches was red-colored and interspersed with small and medium-size grayish brown stones.

2. Uranium mining activities

A mine gallery was constructed in the course of the summer of 1954. The exact date of its being put into operation is unknown. According to Polish workers, the gallery extended horizontally into the mountain for some 300 meters and then split up into three secondary galleries. Waste material from the gallery was dumped near the entrance. Height and width of the gallery are undetermined. The appearence of the mined material was not remembered. The gallery was apparently extremely wet since the worker's clothes had to be washed and dried continuously. Blasting operations within the gallery were heard outside. Two above-ground pipelines led from

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a compressor unit into the mine. pipes served ventilation purposes.	these air	2
Date and an initial language of the	wine designated the	2
Polish workers initially employed at the material as uranium. They referred to ore These "eggs" were reportedly white rock mare available.	lodes and "eggs".	
Three Soviet radiometrists operating with were daily seen at the gallery. these Soviets came from Schmiddeverg (now		25X
The ore mined was shipped out daily on clouded at the mine entrance. material was being brought to Schwiedeber contained in closed boxes 25 cm in diamet apparently made of aluminum or tin-plated the number of boxes are available.	g. The ore was er and 25 cm high	25X
	dau is subordinated to	2
the Soviet central management of ore min in the Schmiedeberg area. bills directed to the Reimswaldau enterpr "R.I.". Further details are not available	all supplierise were addressed to	≆ 25
No names of leading personnel or workmen Christmas 1954, the majority of the Polis by Soviets, including the following person	sh workers were replaced	
a female chief engineer as ch		25X
mine; a Soviet engineer, husband of the manager 3 Soviet radiometrists,	;	25X
mine; a Soviet engineer, husband of the manager	·;	25X
mine; a Soviet engineer, husband of the manager 3 Soviet radiometrists, 1 Polish foreman in charge of the billets 1 Polish foreman (Tatownik) working at the	c; e mine,	25X

Frior to Christmas 1954, 25 Poles had done the work of the 30 Soviet workers.

7. The mine area was neither fenced in nor guarded. Only the mine entrance was guarded by a Polish guard. The area was not declared a restricted area. It is, however, located within the Polish frontier zone which may be entered only with special paraits. Rumors among those employed at the Reimswaldau mine indicated that new galleries are to be opened up.

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8.	Nomen from Waldenburg and its environs who came to the Reimswaldau area for gathering berries and mushrooms report that uranium ore is being mined near Kynau and Reussendorf Silesia. The Kynau ore finds have been exploited by the Coviets since 1952. The Reussendorf ore deposits were said to have been exploited since 1950 but to have become	ed (P 51/H 07),
9.	exhausted in 1952. Both areas are said to be restricted areas.	25X1
	uranium ore was found in Kielce, Poland, and is presently being exploited.	25X1
10.	See annex for sketch of location of uranium ore mining area.	
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Annex

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Location Sketch of Reinswaldau Uranium Ore Mining Area

Legend.

- 1 - Mine entrance
- Compressor station, a former farm house with several compressors of undetermined capacity in the basement. Two iron pipelines 7 to 8 cm in diameter led to the mine gallery. The first floor of the building contained drying equipment for miner's clothes.
- 3 - Gravel road to the mine
- Areas crisscrossed by exploratory trenches
- 5 - Former "Zum Hornschloss" inn housing the kitchen and billets for Reimswaldau mine employees and workers
- Vehicle station of the Reimswaldau Kolkhoz
- Poster indicating border of the restricted zone with the inscription "Pasmo Pograniczny" Osobom Nie Przystapienie (Border Lin no admittance).
 Same as Item (7)
- 8
- quarry containing layered yellowish rock used for gravel roads. Presumably yellow sandstone.
- 10 - Small civilian dwelling
- 11 Former "Andreas-Baude" (hostel) now used as recreation center for young Polish workers
- 12 - Dismantled former "Freundenschloss-Baude"
- Polish-Czech frontier. The hatched line indicates a cleared 13 sisle in the forest.
- Section of Polish-Czech frontier secured by a barbed wire fence

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